# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Bensenville, Illinois

**Annual Financial Report** 



For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Table of Contents

FINANCIAL SECTION	Page(s)
Independent Auditors' Report	1 - 2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	3 - 11
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position.	12
Statement of Activities	13
Governmental Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet.	14
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities	
in the Statement of Net Position.	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	1.7
of the Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	17
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	18
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.	19
Notes to the Financial Statements.	20 - 49
Required Supplementary Information Other than MD&A	
Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosures	50
IMRF Pension Disclosures.	51 - 52
Firefighters' Pension Disclosures	53 - 55
Major Carammental Funda	
Major Governmental Funds Individual Fund Schedules	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	
General Fund.	56
Ambulance Fund.	57
Emergency and Rescue Fund	58
Liability Insurance Fund.	59
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	60
Supplemental Schedules	
Non-major Governmental Funds	
Combining Fund Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet	61
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	62

### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Table of Contents (Continued)

	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
Supplemental Schedules (Continued)	
Non-major Governmental Funds (Continued)	
Individual Fund Schedules	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
Audit Fund.	63
Social Security Fund	64
IMRF Fund	65
Foreign Fire Insurance Fund.	66
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Revenue Capacity Schedules	
Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Tax Extensions and Tax Collections	67
Assessed valuations, 1 ax Rates, 1 ax Extensions and 1 ax Confections	07
Debt Capacity Schedules	
Debt Limit Information	68



#### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Trustees Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Bensenville, Illinois

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Firefighters' Pension Fund, which is a fiduciary fund of the District and is included in the District's financial statements. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the Firefighters' Pension Fund, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, major fund budgetary schedules, and certain pension and post-employment benefit disclosures be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for non-major funds, other non-required supplemental schedules as listed in the table of contents, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements schedules for nonmajor funds and other non-required supplemental schedules as listed in the table of contents have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements schedules for non-major funds and other non-required supplemental schedules as listed in the table of contents are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

IL NFP Audit & Tax, LLP

Chicago, Illinois May 17, 2021

#### Introduction

The Bensenville Fire Protection District's management and discussion analysis (MD&A) provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020. The MD&A should be read as a narrative introduction to the financial statements that follow. The purpose of this report is to assist the reader in focusing on significant accounting issues, provide an overview of the District's financial activity, identify changes in the District's financial position, identify any material deviations from the approved budget and identify individual fund issues or concerns.

The MD&A is an element of the new reporting model accepted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative data between the current and prior years is required to be presented in the MD&A.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the Bensenville Fire Protection District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by (\$34,541,803) as of December 31, 2020. The District's net position decreased mainly due to year-to-year changes in the liabilities and deferred inflows of the Firefighters' Pension Fund.
- At December 31, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$2,389,194, an increase of \$299,054 from the prior year.
- Property Taxes received for all funds were \$4,419,531 or 3.5% increase from the prior year. Under the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL) the District is only able to receive the lesser of 5% or the Consumer Price Index (CPI). For 2020 tax year, the CPI is 2.3%. Property taxes are the District's major revenue stream.
- The District has \$592,040 of debt payments (principal and interest) due within the next three years. For the year ended December 31, 2020, total principal and interest payments totaled \$699,847.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the District's basic financial statements. The Basic Financial Statements include three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financials. The District also includes in this report additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances. The two new government-wide financial statements, Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities represent an overview of the District as a whole, separating its operations between governmental and business-type activities. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in the District's net position during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish governmental activities of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grants, from business type activities that are intended to recover all or significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Governmental activities include general government and fire protection. Business-type activities reflect the District's private sector operations, where the fees for services typically cover all or most of the cost of operation including depreciation. Fiduciary activities such as employee pension plans are not included in the government-wide statements since these assets are not available to fund District programs.

The government-wide financial statements are presented on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses funds to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Within the basic financial statements, fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds rather than the District as a whole. Major funds are separately reported while all others are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements in a later section of this report.

Governmental funds are reported in the fund financial statements and encompass essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, the focus is very different with fund statements providing a distinctive view of the District's governmental funds. These statements report short-term fiscal accountability focusing on the use of spendable resources and balances of spendable resources available at the end of the year. They are useful in evaluating annual financing requirements of governmental programs and the commitment of spendable resources for the near-term.

Since the government-wide focus includes the long-term view, comparisons between these two perspectives may provide insight into the long-term impact of short-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to assist in understanding the differences between these two perspectives.

Budgetary comparison statements are included in the basic financial statements for the general fund and major special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for other special revenue funds can be found in a later section of this report. These statements and schedules demonstrate compliance with the District's adopted annual appropriated budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the District charges customers a fee. There are two types of proprietary funds. These are enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds essentially encompass the same functions reported as business-type activities in the governmental-wide statements. Services are provided to customers external to the District organization such as the golf course. Internal service funds provide services to customers within the District's organization.

The District does not have proprietary funds at this time.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Fiduciary Fund includes the pension trust fund.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on pages 18 through 19 of this report.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 20 of this report.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget to actual comparisons, statistical analysis tables and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50 through 55 of this report.

Major funds are reported in the basic financial statements as discussed. Combining and individual statements and schedules for non-major as well as supplemental schedules for the major funds are presented in a subsequent section of this report beginning on page 56.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

This District implemented the new financial reporting model used in this report for this fiscal year. Over time as year-to-year financial information is accumulated on a consistent basis, changes in net position may be observed and used to discuss changing financial position of the District as a whole.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

A comparison of the statement of net position for the last two fiscal years is shown on the following page. The District's combined net position decreased by \$2,981,571.

#### **Statement of Net Position (Continued)**

#### **Statement of Net Position**

Governmental Activities

	2020	2019
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,881,925	\$ 6,685,051
Capital Assets	 2,815,998	2,982,454
Total Assets	11,697,923	9,667,505
Deferred Outflows	 18,150,407	10,972,442
Total Assets and Defferred Outflows	29,848,330	20,639,947
Liabilities	 53,856,484	41,974,089
Total Liablilities	53,856,484	41,974,089
Deferred Inflows	 10,533,649	10,226,090
Total Liablilities and Deferred Inflows	64,390,133	52,200,179
Net Position		
Invested in Capital Assets,	2,274,593	2,276,068
Restricted Amounts	251,959	2,148,995
Unrestricted Amounts	 (37,068,355)	(35,985,295)
Total Net Position	\$ (34,541,803)	\$ (31,560,232)

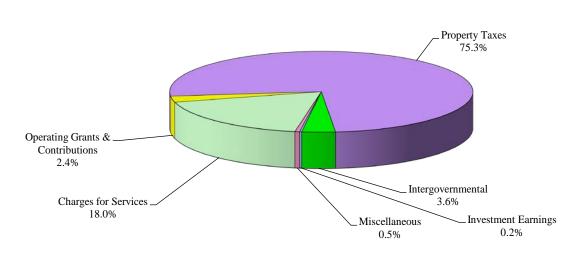
**Statement of Activities** A comparison of the statement of activities for the last two fiscal years is shown below.

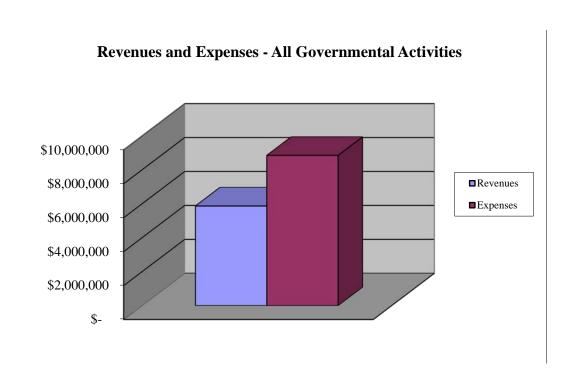
#### **Statement of Activities**

**Governmental Activities** 

	2020		2019		
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$	1,057,271 \$	1,161,711		
Operating Grants and Contributions		143,194	200,000		
General Revenues					
Property Taxes		4,419,531	4,268,927		
Intergovernmental		208,606	218,541		
Investment Earnings		13,770	27,169		
Other Sources		28,236	21,400		
Total Revenue		5,870,608	5,897,748		
Expenses					
Governmental Activities					
Fire Protection		8,819,813	7,681,756		
Interest		32,366	21,560		
Total Expense		8,852,179	7,703,316		
Increase in Net Position		(2,981,571)	(1,805,568)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(31,560,232)	(30,066,790)		
Prior Period Adjustment/Change in Accounting Principle)		-	312,126		
Net Position - Beginning of Year, Restated	\$	(34,541,803) \$	(31,560,232)		

#### 2020 Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities





#### **Governmental Activities**

As stated previously, Governmental Activities decreased the District's net position by \$2,981,571. Key elements of the entity-wide performance are as follows:

- During 2020, the District's net position decreased mainly due changes in deferred inflows and the net pension liability of the Firefighters' Pension Fund.
- Total revenues decreased .4% to \$5,870,608 in 2020 from \$5,897,748 the previous year. The majority of this decrease is attributed to a decrease in charges for services and operating grants.
- Ambulance fees decreased 9.0% to \$1,057,271 in 2020 from \$1,161,711 the previous year due to decreases in collections from the pandemic.
- Total fire protection expenses increased 14.8% to \$8,819,813 in 2020. This increase is mostly attributed to expenses related to the Firefighters' Pension Fund.

#### **Governmental Funds**

As discussed, governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a short-term inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful is assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financing requirements. Governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$2,389,194 of which \$285,537 is non-spendable or restricted.

The total ending fund balance of governmental funds shows an increase of \$299,054 from the prior fiscal year.

The Corporate fund is the primary fund of the District. The Corporate Fund surplus as of December 31, 2020 increased by \$1,539,436 compared to the prior year. This increase is largely due to a \$1.2M transfer in from the Ambulance Fund that took place during the year. The Corporate Fund's entire fund balance is unassigned.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

The Pension Fund is the only fiduciary fund of the District. The Pension Trust's net position increased by \$214,782 or 1.9% over the previous year to \$11,776,005.

The Pension Fund reports a net pension liability of \$51,240,064 at December 31, 2020 which is recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Governmental Funds Budgetary Highlights**

During the 2020 Budget year, the district did not revise the annual operating budget.

The Corporate fund is reported as the major fund and account for the routine operations of the District.

Actual revenues in the Corporate fund were \$3,368,719 which under-performed budget estimates by \$421,281 or 11.1% due to decrease in charges for services and property taxes. Additionally, actual expenditures were \$3,180,925, which outperformed budget estimates by \$37,322 or 1.2% mainly due to less fire service apparatus expense than expected.

The Corporate fund net change in revenues over expenditures was a positive \$1,635,044. The fund balance increased to \$1,539,436 from \$(95,608) the previous year mostly due to an interfund transfer of \$1.2M from the Ambulance fund.

#### **Capital Asset Administration**

At the end of fiscal year 2020, the District had total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) of \$2,815,998, invested in a broad range of capital assets including ambulance and fire equipment, buildings, land and equipment. The District maintains a detailed list of capital assets. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$313,017. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### **Factors Bearing on the District's Future**

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was not aware of any existing circumstances that would adversely affect its financial health in the near future. Additionally, the coronavirus pandemic that began in March has resulted in slightly reduced ambulance runs in the stay at home period from March to May 2020. The impact on property taxes are uncertain, but delays are expected.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances, comply with finance related laws and regulations and demonstrate the District's commitment to public accountability. If you have any questions about this report or would like to request additional information, please contact administration at Bensenville Fire Protection District, 2500 S. York Rd., Bensenville, IL 60106.

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,040,225
Receivables	C 414 000
Property Taxes Ambulance Fees	6,414,000
Prepaid Items	394,122 33,578
Capital Assets	33,376
Capital Assets Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	115,000
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	2,700,998
Total Capital Assets	2,815,998
Total Assets	11,697,923
Deferred Outflows	
Deferred Items - OPEB	952,987
Deferred Items - IMRF	51,673
Deferred Items - Firefighters' Pension Fund	17,145,747
-	
Total Deferred Outflows	18,150,407
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	31,102
Accrued Payroll	47,629
Long-term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	172 404
Capital Lease Obligation  Due in More than One Year	172,404
	369,001
Capital Lease Obligation Compensated Absences	415,040
Net OPEB Liability	1,529,049
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	52,195
Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Pension Fund	51,240,064
Total Liabilities	53,856,484
Deferred Inflows	
Deferred Property Taxes	6,414,000
Deferred Items - OPEB	22,117
Deferred Items - IMRF	15,902
Deferred Items - Firefighters' Pension Fund	4,081,630
Total Deferred Inflows	10,533,649
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,274,593
Restricted for:	2,217,373
Fire and Ambulance Services	251,959
Unrestricted	(37,068,355)
Total Net Position	\$ (34,541,803)
	+ (5.,5.1,505)

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net (Expense)

				Program	ı Revenue	,	(	Levenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs		Charges for Operating Gr		ating Grants Contributions				
Governmental Activities Fire Prevention Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$	8,819,813 32,366	\$	1,057,271 0	\$	143,194 0	\$	(7,619,348) (32,366)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,852,179	\$	1,057,271	\$	143,194		(7,651,714)
	Taxes Proj Interg Renta Invess Misce Total (	perty Taxes governmental al Income tment Income ellaneous General Revenues	i.					4,419,531 208,606 19,007 13,770 9,229 4,670,143
	Change	e in Net Position						(2,981,571)
	Net Po	sition,						
	Begir	nning of Year						(31,560,232)
	End o	of Year					\$	(34,541,803)

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2020

	(	General	A	mbulance		nergency d Rescue		Liability Insurance		Other vernmental Funds		Total
Assets Cook and Cook Equivalents	¢	1,574,569	\$	201 266	\$	67.020	\$	120 261	\$	76 900	\$	2.040.225
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	1,374,309	Ф	201,366	Ф	67,030	Ф	120,361	Ф	76,899	Ф	2,040,225
Property Taxes		3,500,000		2,500,000		75,000		250,000		89,000		6,414,000
Ambulance Fees		0		394,122		0		0		0		394,122
Prepaid Expenditures		0		0		0		33,578		0		33,578
<b>Total Assets</b>		5,074,569		3,095,488		142,030		403,939		165,899		8,881,925
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>		0		0		0		0		0		0
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows		5,074,569		3,095,488		142,030		403,939		165,899		8,881,925
Liabilities												
Accounts Payable		10,916		9,178		5,134		5,445		429		31,102
Accrued Payroll		24,217		22,089		0		0		1,323		47,629
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		35,133		31,267		5,134		5,445		1,752		78,731
<b>Deferred Inflows</b>												
Deferred Property Taxes		3,500,000		2,500,000		75,000		250,000		89,000		6,414,000
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>		3,500,000		2,500,000		75,000		250,000		89,000		6,414,000
Fund Balance												
Nonspendable		0		0		0		33,578		0		33,578
Restricted		0		0		61,896		114,916		75,147		251,959
Assigned		0		564,221		0		0		0		564,221
Unassigned		1,539,436		0		0		0		0		1,539,436
<b>Total Fund Balance</b>		1,539,436		564,221		61,896		148,494		75,147		2,389,194
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance	\$	5,074,569	\$	3,095,488	\$	142,030	\$	403,939	\$	165,899	\$	8,881,925

#### **Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2**

## Reconciliation of Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2020

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position:

2,389,194
2,815,998
952,987
51,673
17,145,747
(541,405)
(415,040)
(1,529,049)
(52,195)
(51,240,064)
(22,117)
(15,902)
(4,081,630)
\$ (34,541,803)

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	General	Ambulance	Emergency and Rescue	Liability Insurance	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$ 2,958,679	\$ 1,125,284	\$ 39,494	\$ 209,154	\$ 86,920	\$ 4,419,531
Charges for Services	89,138	968,133	0	0	0	1,057,271
Intergovernmental	136,504	0	0	0	72,102	208,606
Grants and Donations	143,194	0	0	0	0	143,194
Rental Income	19,007	0	0	0	0	19,007
Investment Income	12,968	0	0	0	802	13,770
Miscellaneous	9,229	0	0	0	0	9,229
<b>Total Revenues</b>	3,368,719	2,093,417	39,494	209,154	159,824	5,870,608
Expenditures Current						
Administration	2,540,575	2,056,527	0	0	0	4,597,102
Fire Service Apparatus	71,816	0	0	0	0	71,816
Telecommunications	79,591	79,519	0	0	0	159,110
Station	26,680	20,003	0	0	0	46,683
<b>Education and Training</b>	4,494	0	0	0	0	4,494
Fire Prevention	9,172	0	0	0	0	9,172
Apparatus and EMS	0	172,427	0	0	0	172,427
Insurance	0	0	0	130,215	0	130,215
<b>Equipment and Supplies</b>	0	0	25,249	0	66,386	91,635
Audit	0	0	0	0	7,000	7,000
Retirement	0	0	0	0	84,553	84,553
Debt Service						
Principal	416,231	251,250	0	0	0	667,481
Interest	32,366	0	0	0	0	32,366
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	3,180,925	2,579,726	25,249	130,215	157,939	6,074,054
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	187,794	(486,309)	14,245	78,939	1,885	(203,446)
Other Financing Sources (Uses		` , ,	,	,	,	, , ,
Issuance of Debt	251,250	251,250	0	0	0	502,500
Transfer In	1,200,000	0	0	0	4,000	1,204,000
Transfer Out	(4,000)	(1,200,000)	0	0	0	(1,204,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,447,250	(948,750)	0	0	4,000	502,500
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,635,044	(1,435,059)	14,245	78,939	5,885	299,054
Fund Balance (Deficit),	-, <b>,</b>	(=, :50,007)	1 .,= .0	. 0,207	2,003	
Beginning of Year	(95,608)	1,999,280	47,651	69,555	69,262	2,090,140
End of Year	\$ 1,539,436	\$ 564,221	\$ 61,896	\$ 148,494	\$ 75,147	\$ 2,389,194

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2

### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 299,054

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlays	146,561
Depreciation expense	(313,017)

Governmental funds report debt payments as expenditures and debt issuances as revenue.

However, in the statement of activities, debt payments and debt issuances are not reported as expenditures and revenue, respectively.

Issuance of Line of Credit Principal	(502,500)
Principal Payments of Line of Credit Principal	502,500
Principal Payments of Capital Lease Obligation	164,981

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:

Change in the following deferred items related to pension investment experience, changes in pension assumptions, and difference between expected and actual pension plan experience:

Deferred Outflows - OPEB	938,446
Deferred Outflows - IMRF	1,722
Deferred Outflows - Firefighters' Pension Fund	6,245,961

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Change in Compensated Absences	25,336
Change in OPEB Liability	(981,471)
Change in Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(978)
Change in Net Pension Liability - Firefighters' Pension Fund	(11,073,443)
pension	
pension plan experience:	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(13,266)
Deferred Inflows - IMRF	(6,770)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,981,571)
Deferred Inflows - Firefighters' Pension Fund	1,585,313
Deferred Inflows - IMRF	(6,770)
Deferred inflows - OPEB	(13,200)

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2020

	Firefi	ghters' Pension
		Fund
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,075,284
Investments		
Fixed Income		3,578,915
Mutual Funds		7,107,123
Receivables		
Accrued Interest		21,243
Prepaids		4,463
Total Assets		11,787,028
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		11,023
Total Liabilities		11,023
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	\$	11,776,005

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Firefig	Firefighters' Pension Fund				
Additions						
Contributions						
Employer	\$	774,108				
Employee		204,435				
Total Contributions		978,543				
Investment Income						
Net Appreciation in Investment Fair Value		858,619				
Interest and Dividends		281,568				
		1,140,187				
Less: Investment Expenses		(15,974)				
Net Investment Income		1,124,213				
Total Additions		2,102,756				
Deductions						
Benefits and Refunds		1,811,896				
Administrative Expenses		76,078				
<b>Total Deductions</b>		1,887,974				
<b>Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position</b>		214,782				
Net Position Restricted for Pensions,						
Beginning of Year		11,561,223				
End of Year	\$	11,776,005				

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District is incorporated in Bensenville, Illinois. The District operates under a Board-Manager form of government encompassing areas in Cook County and DuPage County. The mission of the District is to protect the lives and property within the community in a fiscally sound and responsive manner through fire prevention, public education, fire suppression, emergency medical services, and public safety.

The financial statements of Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 (the "District"), have been prepared in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as applied to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the District's primary government and any component units over which the District exercises significant influence. Significant influence or accountability is based primarily on operational or financial relationships with the District (as distinct from legal relationships). Management has considered all potential component units and has determined that there are no entities outside of the primary government that should be blended into or discretely presented with the District's financial statements.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District as a whole (except for fiduciary activities) and distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and governmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's public safety function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds include non-major Special Revenue funds and non-major Capital Projects funds. The combined amounts for these funds are reflected in a single column titled "Other Governmental Funds" in the fund Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. Detailed statements for non-major funds are presented with Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules in the supplemental schedules of the financial statements.

Funds are organized as major funds or non-major funds within the governmental statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

Total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures and expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type and;

Total assets and deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, revenues or expenditures and expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements when applicable. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental funds are those which governmental functions of the District finance. The acquisition, use, and balances of the District's expendable resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government does *not* consider revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recognized when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments are reported only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for service, amounts due from other governments, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period if applicable. Charges for sales and services and miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

#### Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. The various funds are summarized by type within the financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Expenditures from this fund provide basic District services, such as such as finance and data processing, personnel, and general administration of the District. Revenue sources include taxes, which include property taxes, replacement taxes, interest income and other income.

The <u>Ambulance Fund</u>, a special revenue fund, which accounts for ambulance operations. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy to the extent user charges are not sufficient to provide such financing.

The <u>Emergency and Rescue Fund</u>, which accounts for the District's financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditure of fire safety supplies and equipment.

The <u>Liability Insurance Fund</u>, which accounts for the District's financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for expenditure of the District's insurance coverages.

The District reports the following non-major governmental funds:

<u>Non-major Special Revenue Funds</u>: These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purpose other than debt service or capital projects. The District reports the <u>Audit Fund</u>, <u>Social Security</u>, <u>IMRF</u>, and <u>Foreign Fire Insurance Fund</u> as non-major special revenue funds.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fiduciary fund level financial statements are custodial in nature and are merely clearing accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organization, or other governments. Fiduciary funds are excluded from government-wide financial statements. The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

The *Firefighters' Pension Fund* which accounts for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity.

Proprietary fund level financial statements are used to account for activities, which are similar to those found in the private-sector. The measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. The District reports no proprietary funds.

When applicable, on the proprietary fund financial statements, operating revenues are those that flow directly from the operations of the activity, i.e., charges to customers or users who purchase or use the goods or services of that activity. Operating expenses are those that are incurred to provide those goods or services. Non-operating revenues and expenses are items such as investment income and interest expense that are not a result of the direct operations of the activity. When applicable, private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

#### Cash and Investments

For purpose of the Statement of Net Position, the District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and cash with fiscal agent. Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments that do not have any established market, if any, are reported at estimated fair value.

#### Pooled Cash

Cash resources of the individual governmental fund types are combined to form a pool of cash and, when applicable, investments. At December 31, 2020, the District's cash was deposited in demand accounts and money market savings accounts.

#### **Interfund Activity**

During the course of normal operations, the District has transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and construct assets. Legally authorized transfers are treated as transfers and are included in the results of operations of Governmental Funds and, when applicable, Proprietary Funds. Transactions between funds that are representative of cash overdrafts from pooled cash and investing are reported as interfund receivables or payables. Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds".

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Receivables

Receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end that are not yet received as of December 31, 2020. Major receivable balances for governmental activities include property taxes and ambulance fees. The District carries its receivables at cost less an allowance for doubtful accounts. On a periodic basis, the District evaluates its receivables and establishes the amount of its allowance for doubtful accounts based on a history of past write-offs and collections. The allowance for doubtful accounts amounts to \$0 for property taxes receivable and \$647,607 for ambulance fees receivable.

#### Prepaid Items and Prepaid Expenditures

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2020 are recorded as prepaid items/expenditures using the consumption method of recognition.

#### <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory is valued at cost which approximates the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The District reports no inventory as of December 31, 2020.

#### Deferred Revenue/Unearned Revenue

When applicable, the District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and deferred revenues on its Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. For governmental fund financial statements, deferred revenues occur when a potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized accordingly.

#### Compensated Absences

Accumulated vacation, compensatory time and sick leave, that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources, is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Accumulated vacation, compensatory time and sick leave of proprietary funds, when applicable, is recorded as an expense and liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to employees. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Full-time District employees are entitled to paid vacation time in varying amounts based on years of service. Unused vacation time is carried over from year to year. District employees are entitled to paid sick time in varying amounts based on years of service. Compensatory time is paid at 1.5 times the hourly rate. Sick hours accumulated at retirement or resignation are paid to a post-employment health plan at 65% of the hourly rate. The District's compensated absences liability at December 31, 2020 comprises of \$118,151 of accumulated vacation, \$78,468 of compensatory time and \$218,421 of sick time.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, equipment, and when applicable, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads and bridges), are reported in the applicable government or business-type activities columns in the government-wide statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed, or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation on all assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings	40 - 50 Years
Improvements	10 - 20 Years
Equipment	5 - 10 Years
Vehicles	5 - 10 Years

GASB Statement 34 requires the reporting and depreciation of the new infrastructure expenditures effective with the beginning of the implementation year.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources, or expenses/expenditures, until then. The District has deferred changes in proportion dealing with pensions and contributions made after the measurement date. The District currently does not have deferred charges on refunding debt. These represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and is not recognized as an outflow of resources until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources, or revenues, until that time. A deferred inflow of resources dealing with pension is reported for the differences between expected and actual experience, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension investments, and changes of assumptions.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from proprietary fund operations, when applicable, are accounted for in those funds.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources.

Non-spendable fund balance - The non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance - This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - Amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by ordinances of the District Board of Trustees - the government's highest level of decision-making authority. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Trustees removes the specified use by ordinance. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance - This classification reflects assets constrained by the expressed written intent of the District Board of Trustees for capital equipment and/or capital projects.

*Unassigned fund balance* - This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed. The District does not have a stabilization policy established.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. If different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending, the District considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and, lastly unassigned funds.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Net Position Classifications**

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is shown as net position and classified into three components:

*Net investment in capital assets* - These amounts consist of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent bond or other debt proceeds.

Restricted net position - These amounts consist of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

*Unrestricted net position* - These amounts consist of all other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

#### **Budgets**

The Board of Trustees follows these procedures in establishing the budget:

- 1. The Fire Chief and budget committee prepare a proposed operating budget which is submitted to the Board of Trustees for their approval. The budget document is made available for public inspection for at least 30 days prior to Board action.
- 2. The Board of Trustees is required to hold at least one public hearing prior to passage of the annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinance. The budget is an estimate of actual expenditures and the appropriation represents the legal spending limit.
- 3. The Budget and Appropriation Ordinance must be enacted into law prior to the end of the first quarter of the fiscal year (March 31).
- 4. The Board of Trustees has the power to: Amend the Budget and Appropriation Ordinance in the same manner as its enactment, transfer between line items of any fund an amount not exceeding in the aggregate the total amount appropriated for that fund, and transfer any appropriation item it anticipates being unexpended to any other appropriation item.
- 5. Expenditures legally may not exceed the total appropriations at the fund level. All unspent budgetary amounts lapse at year-end. The budget information in the financial statements includes adjustments made during the year.

The budget is prepared for all funds on the same basis as the basic financial statements and is consistent with GAAP. The budget is derived from the annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinance of the District. All budgetary funds are controlled by an integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance, with various legal requirements, which govern the District.

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes become an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied each year and are payable in two installments, due in March and August of the following year. Cook County and DuPage County bill and collect all property taxes and remits them to the District. The District recognizes property taxes in the year in which they attach as an enforceable lien and are available.

#### 2. Deposits

#### <u>Deposits</u>

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's demand deposits in financial institutions was \$2,040,225 and the bank balance is \$2,095,049.

At December 31, 2020, the carrying amount of the Firefighters' Pension Fund's cash deposits is \$1,075,284 and the bank balance is \$1,075,284.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In case of cash deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. At December 31, 2020, the District had no bank deposits which were not insured or covered by collateral. The District's investment policy requires pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federally insured limits with the collateral held by the District or an independent third party.

#### 3. Investments

#### Policies for Investments

It is the policy of the District to invest public funds in a manner to conform to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds; ensure prudent money management; provide for daily cash flow requirements; and meet the objectives, in priority order, of safety, liquidity, return on investment and public trust. The District's general credit risk policy is to apply the prudent person rule: Investments shall be made with the exercise of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which individuals of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital, as well as the probable income to be derived.

#### 3. Investments (Continued)

#### Fair Value Measurements

Investments are generally reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. For investments, the District and Firefighters' Pension Fund categorize fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District does not maintain investments.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund investments subject to fair value measurements are as follows:

Investments Type	Dece	ember 31, 2020	Ac	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical sets (Level 1)	C	nificant Other Observable outs (Level 2)	Unob	ificant servable (Level 3)
Debt Securities								
Certificates of Deposit	\$	100,007	\$	0	\$	100,007	\$	0
U.S. Treasury Obligations		200,397		200,397		0		0
U.S. Agency Obligations		634,368		0		634,368		0
Corporate Bonds		2,644,143		0		2,644,143		0
Equity Securities Mutual Funds		7,107,123		7,107,123		0		0
Total Investments Measured at Fair Value	\$	10,686,038	\$	7,307,520	\$	3,378,518	\$	0

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Mutual funds are not subject to interest rate risk.

The following table categorizes interest rate risk for the Firefighters' Pension Fund:

			Maturity in Years									
Investment Category	F	Fair Value		< 1 Year		- 5 Years	6 -	10 Years	> 10 Years			
Certificates of Deposit	\$	100,007	\$	100,007	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0		
U.S. Treasury Obligations		200,397		200,397		0		0		0		
U.S. Agency Obligations		634,368		0		998		8,396		624,974		
Corporate Bonds		2,644,143		343,959		2,244,169		56,015		0		
	\$	3,578,915	\$	644,363	\$	2,245,167	\$	64,411	\$	624,974		

#### 3. Investments (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. U.S. treasuries and mutual funds are not subject to credit risk.

The Firefighters' Pension Fund helps limit its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in securities issued by the United States Government and/or its agencies that are implicitly guaranteed by the United States Government. The Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy establishes criteria for allowable investments; those criteria follow the requirements of the Illinois Pension Code. The Investments in the securities of U.S. Government Agencies were all rated AAA and Corporate Bonds are rated BBB or better by Standard & Poor's or by Moody's Investors Services and CDs are not rated. Besides investing primarily in securities issued by agencies of the United States Government, the Pension Fund has no other formal policy for reducing credit risk.

Similar to the District, the Firefighters' Pension Fund's investment policy also prescribes the "prudent person" rule, which states, "Investments shall be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the primary objective of safety as well as the secondary objective of the attainment of market rates of return."

#### Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Money market mutual funds, equity mutual funds and insurance contracts are not subject to custodial credit risk. In accordance with the District's investment policy, the District limits its exposure to custodial credit risk by utilizing an independent third party institution to act as a custodian for its securities and collateral.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Fund's investment in a single issuer. The Fund does not have a formal written policy with regards to custodial credit risk for investments. At December 31, 2020, the Firefighters' Pension Fund has over 5% of net position invested in various agency securities. Agency investments represent a large portion of the portfolio; however the investments are diversified by maturity date and as mentioned earlier are backed by the issuing organization. Although unlike Treasuries, agency securities do not have the "full faith and credit" backing of the U.S. Government, they are considered to have a moral obligation of implicit backing and are supported by Treasury lines of credit and increasingly stringent federal regulation.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2020, consisted of the following:

		Balance						Balance	
	Dece	mber 31, 2019	Additions		Retirements			December 31, 2020	
Governmental Activities									
Assets Not Subject to Depreciation									
Land	\$	115,000	\$	0	\$	0	)	\$	115,000
Assets Subject to Depreciation									
Buildings		2,259,000		0		0	)		2,259,000
Vehicles		2,644,304		136,629		0	)		2,780,933
Equipment		809,769		9,932		0	)		819,701
Improvements		209,975		0		0	)		209,975
Subtotal		6,038,048		146,561		0	)		6,184,609
Less - Accumulated Depreciation									
Buildings		(703,924)		(57,923)		0	)		(761,847)
Vehicles		(1,881,291)		(131,396)		0	)		(2,012,687)
Equipment		(397,158)		(109,700)		0	)		(506,858)
Improvements		(73,221)		(13,998)		0	)		(87,219)
Subtotal		(3,055,594)		(313,017)		0	)		(3,368,611)
Net Capital Assets	\$	2,982,454	\$	(166,456)	\$	0	)	\$	2,815,998

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities – Fire Prevention \$ 313,017

#### 5. Long-term Liabilities

The District enters into debt transactions to finance additions of machinery and equipment and major improvements to fire facilities. The following debt commitments exist as of December 31, 2020:

	Balance December 31, 2019			Additions	etirements	Balance cember 31, 2020	Amount Due Within One Year		
Capital Lease Obligation Tower Ladder \$951,331 Line of Credit	\$	706,386 0	\$	0 502,500	\$	(164,981) (502,500)	\$ 541,405 0	\$	172,404 0
	\$	706,386	\$	502,500	\$	(667,481)	\$ 541,405	\$	172,404

On September 27, 2016, the District entered into a capital lease agreement with Fire Service Inc. in the amount of \$951,331 for the purchase of a Tower Ladder. During 2019, the District refinanced the capital lease through First Government Leasing Co. at a 2.35% interest rate. Payments under the agreement are due in annual installments of principal and interest of \$197,347 through 2023.

#### 5. Long-term Liabilities (Continued)

The District also maintained a line of credit in 2020 with interest payable at 2.25% on the outstanding balance. At December 31, 2020, the District maintains a \$0 line of credit balance.

The District's future minimum debt payments are as follows:

	 Principal		nterest	 Total
December 31, 2021	\$ 172,404	\$	24,943	\$ 197,347
December 31, 2022	180,347		17,000	197,347
December 31, 2023	 188,654		8,692	 197,346
	\$ 541,405		50,635	\$ 592,040

Other long-term liabilities activity is as follows:

		Balance					Balance	1	Amount Due
	D	ecember 31,				Γ	December 31,		Within
		2019	 Additions	I	Retirements	2020			One Year
Other Long-term Liabilities									
Compensated Absences	\$	440,376	\$ 62,739	\$	(88,075)	\$	415,040	\$	0
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)									
IMRF		51,217	978		0		52,195		0
Firefighters' Pension Fund		40,166,621	12,885,339		(1,811,896)		51,240,064		0
Total OPEB Liability		547,578	 1,071,821		(90,350)	_	1,529,049	_	0
	\$	41,205,792	\$ 14,020,877	\$	(1,990,321)	\$	53,236,348	\$	0

#### 6. Compliance and Accountability

At December 31, 2020, none of the District's funds had deficit fund balances.

The following funds of the District had actual expenditures exceed legally enacted budgeted amounts for the year ended December 31, 2020:

Fund	]	Budget	 Actual	V	ariance
Social Security	\$	75,000	\$ 76,970	\$	(1,970)

#### 7. Interfund Transactions

In general, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects the money to the fund that expends the money, (2) move receipts restricted or earmarked for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in a fund to provide operating advances to other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### 7. Interfund Transactions (Continued)

At December 31, 2020, no interfund receivables and payables exist.

During the year ended December 31, 2020, the following interfund transfers occurred:

	Transfer from	Transfer to		
Fund	Other Funds	Other Funds		
General	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 4,000		
Ambulance	0	1,200,000		
Audit	4,000	0		
	\$ 1,204,000	\$ 1,204,000		

#### 8. Intergovernmental Agreement

The District has an intergovernmental agreement with Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 1 for providing fire protection and emergency medical services to the residents of District No. 1. Bensenville District No. 1 reimburses the District by disbursing the property tax levy for all property within District No. 1 for which the Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 provides fire protection and emergency services for. During the year ended December 31, 2020, Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 1 paid \$136,504 to Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 under said agreement.

#### 9. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; illnesses of employees; natural disasters; and employee health.

The District mitigates these risks through appropriate insurance coverages with various insurance agencies.

There have been no significant reductions in coverage in any program from coverage in the prior year. Amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

#### 10. Commitments and Contingencies

At December 31, 2020, the District had no material payable commitments and no contingencies with the exception of the capital lease obligation discussed in Note 5.

#### 11. Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through May 17, 2021, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 12. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

#### Recently Implemented GASB Statements

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, was issued June 2018 and will be effective for the District with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2020.

#### **Upcoming GASB Statements**

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued June 2017 and will be effective for the District with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, was issued May 2019 and will be effective for the District with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, was issued January 2020 and will be effective for the District with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This statement was issued June 2020 and will be effective for the District with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2021.

The District management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

#### 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The net other postemployment health care benefits ("OPEB") liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions, between an employer and its employees, of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee on a deferred-payment basis as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability represents the District's proportionate share of its OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability calculation is dependent on critical future (long-term) variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

#### 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in due to other governments on both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Plan Description. The District provides other postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District and can be amended by the District through its personnel manual. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. The plan does not issue a separate report. The plan's latest actuarial valuation is December 31, 2020.

Benefits Provided. The District provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with ILCS, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under the District's retirement plan. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years of age, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the retiree is no longer eligible to participate in the plan but can purchase a Medicare supplement plan from the District's insurance provider. For certain disabled employees who qualify for health insurance benefits under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA), the District is required to pay 100% of the cost of basic health insurance for the employee and their dependents for their lifetime.

#### OPEB Disclosures.

Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of the OPEB Liability	December 31, 2020
Fiscal Year End	December 31, 2020
Membership	
Number of	
- Retirees and Beneficiaries	5
- Inactive, Non-Retired Members	0
- Active Members	22
- Total	27

# 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Disclosures (Continued).

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source (to be recognized in Future OPEB Expenses)

	Defer	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	of Resources		Resources	
1. Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	717,930	\$	0	
2. Assumption Changes		235,057		22,117	
3. Net Difference between projected and actual					
earnings on OPEB plan investments		0		0	
4. Total	\$	952,987	\$	22,117	

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in future OPEB expense as follows:

Plan Year Ending	Net Det	Net Deferred Outflows			
December 31	of	Resources			
2021	\$	110,409			
2022		110,409			
2023		110,409			
2024		110,409			
2025		110,409			
Thereafter		378,825			
	\$	930,870			

The Discount Rate is 1.93%, which is the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High-Grade Rate Index as of December 31, 2020. The following is a sensitivity analysis of total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

# Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

	Current Single Discount					
	19	% Decrease	crease Rate Assumption 1% Incr			% Increase
		.93%		1.93%		2.93%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,775,702	\$	1,529,049	\$	1,335,337
Plan Net Position		0		0		0
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,775,702	\$	1,529,049	\$	1,335,337

#### 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Disclosures (Continued).

The North American health care rate is 4.50% to 3.61%. The following is a sensitivity analysis of total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate.

# Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to the Health Care Rate Assumption

	1100	that Cure Rate 1	issump	, tion		
	Current					
	Health Care					
	19	% Decrease	Rate Assumption (3.61% - 4.50%)		1	
	(2.6	51% - 3.50%)				
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,325,242	\$	1,529,049	\$	1,786,167
Plan Net Position		0		0		0
Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)	\$	1,325,242	\$	1,529,049	\$	1,786,167

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Total OPEB Liability

# Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal Asset Valuation Method N/A Price Inflation 3.00% Discount Rate 1.93% Investment Rate of Return N/A Health Care Cost Rate 3.61% - 4.50% Mortality IMRF Participants: PubS.H-2010 - General Mortality Table Fire Participants: PubS.H-2010 - Safety Mortality Table There were no benefit changes during the year. Other Information:

# 13. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Disclosures (Continued).

# Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Current Period

#### Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2020

	-,	
A. Total OPEB liability		
1.Service cost	\$	19,853
2.Interest on the total OPEB liability		16,378
3. Changes of benefit terms		0
4. Difference between expected and actual		
experience of the total OPEB liability		803,130
5. Changes of assumptions		232,460
6.Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(90,350)
7.Net change in total OPEB liability		981,471
8. Total OPEB liability—beginning		547,578
9. Total OPEB liability – ending	\$	1,529,049
B. Plan net position		
1. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		0
2. Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	0
C. Net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	1,529,049
D. Plan net position as a percentage		
of the total OPEB liability		0.00%

#### 14. Retirement Fund Commitments – Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit pension plan for Regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org. The plan's latest actuarial valuation is December 31, 2019.

Benefits Provided. IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date). All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement. Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of 3% of the original pension amount, or 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, the District Regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statutes require employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate from calendar year 2019 was 8.50 percent of annual covered payroll. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. The required contribution for the calendar year 2019 was \$7,583.

# 14. Retirement Fund Commitments – Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

#### IMRF Pension Disclosures.

Actuarial Valuation Date	Decem	ber 31, 2019
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	Decem	ber 31, 2019
•	Decem	ber 31, 2020
Membership		
Number of		
- Retirees and Beneficiaries		0
- Inactive, Non-Retired Members		0
- Active Members		1
- Total		1
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	115,799
Net Pension Liability		
Total Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	224,606
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		172,411
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	52,195
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		76.76%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll		45.07%
Development of the Single Discount Rate as of December 31, 2019		
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return		7.25%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate		2.75%
Last year December 31 in the 2020 to 2119 projection period		
for which projected benefit payments are fully funded		2119
Resulting Single Discount Rate based on the above development		7.25%
Single Discount Rate Calculated using December 31, 2018 Measurement Date		7.28%
Total Pension Expense/(Income)	\$	13,969

# 14. Retirement Fund Commitments – Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

IMRF Pension Disclosures (Continued).

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source (to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
1. Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	33,107	\$	6,711
2. Assumption Changes		10,983		5,261
3. Net Difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		0		3,930
4. Subtotal		44,090		15,902
5. Pension contributions made subsequent to the				
measurement date		7,583		0
6. Total	\$	51,673	\$	15,902

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Plan Year Ending	Net Defe	erred Outflows
December 31	of I	Resources
2020	\$	2,009
2021		1,816
2022		3,218
2023		563
2024		2,884
Thereafter		17,698
	\$	28,188

#### 14. Retirement Fund Commitments – Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

IMRF Pension Disclosures (Continued).

	Portfolio	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Percentage	Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	37%	7.15%
International Equity	18%	7.25%
Fixed Income	28%	3.75%
Real Estate	9%	6.25%
Alternative Investments	7%	3.2% - 8.5%
Cash Equivalents	1%	2.50%
	100%	

The single discount rate is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. GASB Statement No. 68 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph. The single discount rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 2.12%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

# Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Single Discount Rate Assumption

	Current Single Discount					
	1%	1% Decrease Rate Assumption			1% Increase	
		6.25%	7.25%		8.25%	
Total Pension Liability	\$	288,461	\$	224,606	\$	176,266
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		172,411		172,411		172,411
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	116,050	\$	52,195	\$	3,855

#### 14. Retirement Fund Commitments – Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

IMRF Pension Disclosures (Continued).

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Total Pension Liability

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.35% to 14.25%

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%

Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to

an experience study of the period 2014 -2016.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was

used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). the IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). the IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality table applying the same adjustment that was applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current

IMRF experience.

Other Information: There were no benefit changes during the year.

# 14. Retirement Fund Commitments – Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (Continued)

IMRF Pension Disclosures (Continued).

# Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Current Period

Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2019

Calcidat Teat Effect December 2	1, 2017	
A. Total pension liability		
1.Service cost	\$	11,466
2.Interest on the total pension liability		14,020
3. Changes of benefit terms		0
4.Difference between expected and actual		
experience of the total pension liability		11,473
5. Changes of assumptions		0
6. Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		0
7.Net change in total pension liability		36,959
8. Total pension liability—beginning		187,647
9. Total pension liability – ending	\$	224,606
B. Plan fiduciary net position		
1.Contributions – employer	\$	9,844
2.Contributions – employee		5,211
3.Net investment income		22,011
4. Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		0
5.Other (net transfer)		(1,085)
6.Net change in plan fiduciary net position		35,981
7.Plan fiduciary net position – beginning		136,430
8. Plan fiduciary net position – ending	\$	172,411
C. Net pension liability/(asset)	\$	52,195
D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		76.76%
E. Covered Valuation Payroll	\$	115,799
F. Net pension liability as a percentage		
of covered valuation payroll		45.07%

#### 15. Retirement Fund Commitments – Firefighters' Pension Fund

Plan Description. The Firefighters' Pension Plan is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all sworn Firefighters' personnel. The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits, as well as automatic annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. The Bensenville Firefighters' Pension Plan Fund issues a separate report that includes financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by contacting the Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2. Plan members are required to contribute 9.455% of their annual covered payroll. The District is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and contribution requirements of the plan members and the District are governed by Illinois State Statutes and may only be amended by Illinois legislature. Administrative costs are financed through investments earnings. The plan's latest actuarial valuation is December 31, 2020.

Benefits Provided. The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Covered employees hired before January 1, 2011 (Tier 1), attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.5 percent of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75 percent of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3 percent of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Funding Policy. Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The District is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, the District's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighter's Pension Plan is 90% funded, by the year 2040. The District has chosen to use the following parameters to fund its pension plan above and beyond the state minimum. For the Plan calendar year December 31, 2020, the District's contribution was 35.80% of covered payroll.

# 15. Retirement Fund Commitments – Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund Disclosures.

Actuarial Valuation Date	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	December 31, 2020
Fiscal Year End	December 31, 2020
Membership	
Number of	
- Retirees and Beneficiaries	23
- Inactive, Non-Retired Members	2
- Active Members	24
- Total	49
Covered Valuation Payroll	\$ 2,344,572
Net Pension Liability	
Total Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 63,016,069
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	11,776,005
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 51,240,064
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	18.69%
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll	2185.48%
Development of the Single Discount Rate as of December 31, 2020	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return	7.00%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate	2.12%
Single Discount Rate Used for Total Pension Liability	2.92%
Total Pension Expense/(Income)	\$ 4,016,277

# 15. Retirement Fund Commitments – Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund Disclosures (Continued).

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source (to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses)

	Def	erred Outflows	Def	erred Inflows
		of Resources	Of	Resources
1. Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	1,957,664	\$	965,520
2. Assumption Changes		15,188,083		2,490,217
3. Net Difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		0		625,893
4. Total	\$	17,145,747	\$	4,081,630

Deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Plan Year Ending	Net D	eferred Outflows
December 31	0	f Resources
2021	\$	1,543,657
2022		1,735,341
2023		1,687,060
2024		2,133,097
2025		2,138,677
Thereafter		3,826,285
	\$	13,064,117

#### 15. Retirement Fund Commitments – Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund Disclosures (Continued).

	Portfolio	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Percentage	Real Rate of Return
Cash/Short-term	5%	0.0%
Fixed Income	30%	.74% - 5.03%
Equities	65%	5.91% - 12.01%
	100%	

The Discount Rate is 2.92% as of December 31, 2020. The following is a sensitivity analysis of total net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the
Single Discount Rate Assumption

		Current	
		Single Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
	1.92%	2.92%	3.92%
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 64,210,291	\$ 51,240,064	\$ 41,226,133

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the Total Pension Liability

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value
Price Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Mortality	Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 mortality tables adjusted
	for plan status, collar, and Illinois public pension data.
Other Information:	There were no benefit changes during the year.

#### 15. Retirement Fund Commitments – Firefighters' Pension Fund (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Fund Disclosures (Continued).

# Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Current Period

#### Calendar Year Ended December 31, 2020 A. Total pension liability 1.Service cost \$ 1,405,206 2. Interest on the total pension liability 1,940,662 3. Changes of benefit terms 4. Difference between expected and actual experience of the total pension liability 1,711,136 5. Changes of assumptions 8,043,117 6. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (1,811,896)7. Net change in total pension liability 11,288,225 51,727,844 8. Total pension liability—beginning 9. Total pension liability – ending 63,016,069 B. Plan fiduciary net position 1. Contributions – employer \$ 774,108 2. Contributions – employee 204,435 3.Net investment income 1,124,213 4. Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions (1,811,896)(76,078)5. Other (net transfer) 214,782 6. Net change in plan fiduciary net position 11,561,223 7. Plan fiduciary net position – beginning 11,776,005 8. Plan fiduciary net position – ending \$ C. Net pension liability/(asset) 51,240,064 D. Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 18.69% E. Covered Valuation Payroll \$ 2,162,186 F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll 2369.83%

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Other Post-Employment Benefits Disclosures For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Plan Years (When Available)

Plan Year Ending December 31,	2020			2019		
Total OPEB liability						
Service cost	\$	19,853	\$	24,570		
Interest on the OPEB Liability		16,378		18,784		
Changes of benefit terms		0		0		
Difference between expected and						
actual experience of the OPEB Liability		803,130		0		
Changes of assumptions		232,460		14,964		
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions		(90,350)		(54,343)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		981,471		3,975		
Total OPEB liability- beginning		547,578	_	543,603		
Total OPEB liability – ending	\$ 1	,529,049	\$	547,578		
Plan fiduciary net position						
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning		0		0		
Plan fiduciary net position - Ending	\$	0	\$	0		
Net OPEB liability / (asset)	\$ 1	,529,049	\$	547,578		
Plan fiduciary net position as a						
percent of the OPEB Liability		0.00%		0.00%		
Covered Valuation Payroll ("CVP")	\$ 1	,969,309	No	t Available		
Net OPEB liability as a % of CVP		77.64%	No	ot Available		

# Notes to the Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net OPEB Liability:

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 IMRF Pension Disclosures For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Multiyear Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years (When Available)

									Actual Contribution as a % of
Fiscal Year	Ac	ctuarially			Cont	ribution	(	Covered	Covered
Ending	De	termined		Actual	Defi	iciency	7	Valuation	Valuation
December 31	Co	Contribution		Contribution		ccess)		Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$	6,718	\$	6,718	\$	0	\$	84,284	7.97%
2015		10,090		10,090		0		114,797	8.79%
2016		12,309		12,309		0		141,973	8.67%
2017		10,529		10,529		0		134,113	7.85%
2018		9,207		9,207		0		107,121	8.59%
2019		9,484		9,484		0		111,575	8.50%
2020		7,583		7,583		0		115,799	6.55%

#### **Notes to the Multiyear Schedule of Contributions:**

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 24 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of 7.50% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.35% to 14.25% plus 2.50% for inflation compounded annually and postretirement benefit increases of 3.50% compounded annually.

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 IMRF Pension Disclosures (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Plan Years (When Available)

Plan Year Ending December 31,	2019	 2018	 2017	2016	 2015	 2014
Total pension liability ("TPL")						
Service cost	\$ 11,466	\$ 10,613	\$ 14,703	\$ 11,772	\$ 9,047	\$ 9,472
Interest on the TPL	14,020	11,952	11,439	8,009	6,449	5,088
Changes of benefit terms	0	0	0	0	0	0
Difference between expected and						
actual experience of the TPL	11,473	(307)	(8,257)	26,733	3,938	2,171
Changes of assumptions	0	11,338	(6,743)	0	0	1,631
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions	 0	 0	 (4,508)	0	 0	 0
Net change in total pension liability	36,959	33,596	6,634	46,514	19,434	18,362
Total pension liability— beginning	 187,647	 154,051	 147,417	100,903	 81,469	 63,107
Total pension liability – ending	\$ 224,606	\$ 187,647	\$ 154,051	\$ 147,417	\$ 100,903	\$ 81,469
Plan fiduciary net position	 					 
Contributions – employer	\$ 9,844	\$ 9,202	\$ 10,529	\$ 12,309	\$ 10,090	\$ 6,718
Contributions – employee	5,211	4,820	6,035	6,389	5,166	3,793
Net investment income	22,011	(3,315)	14,949	5,504	370	3,530
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of employee contributions	0	0	(4,508)	0	0	0
Other (net transfer)	 (1,085)	 (396)	 (1,412)	 (957)	 (4,630)	 (375)
Net change in plan fiduciary						
net position	35,981	10,311	25,593	23,245	10,996	13,666
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning	 136,430	 126,119	100,526	 77,281	 66,285	 52,619
Plan fiduciary net position - Ending	\$ 172,411	\$ 136,430	\$ 126,119	\$ 100,526	\$ 77,281	\$ 66,285
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$ 52,195	\$ 51,217	\$ 27,932	\$ 46,891	\$ 23,622	\$ 15,184
Plan fiduciary net position as a	 	 		 	 	 <u>=</u>
percent of the TPL	76.76%	72.71%	81.87%	68.19%	76.59%	81.36%
Covered Valuation Payroll ("CVP")	\$ 115,799	\$ 107,121	\$ 134,113	\$ 141,973	\$ 114,797	\$ 84,284
Net pension liability as a % of CVP	45.07%	47.81%	20.83%	33.03%	20.58%	18.02%

#### Notes to the Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability:

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Firefighters' Pension Disclosures For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

#### Multiyear Schedule of Contributions Last 10 Fiscal Years (When Available)

Fiscal Year Ending	Actuarially Determined	Actual	Contribution Deficiency	Covered Valuation	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation
December 31	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2014	\$1,050,882	\$ 591,714	\$ 459,168	\$1,767,347	33.48%
2015	1,142,058	716,085	425,973	1,939,968	36.91%
2016	1,272,135	979,547	292,588	1,894,036	51.72%
2017	1,358,877	1,012,214	346,663	1,960,327	51.63%
2018	1,438,774	807,464	631,310	2,119,528	38.10%
2019	1,520,222	810,464	709,758	2,252,267	35.98%
2020	1,611,229	774,108	837,121	2,162,186	35.80%

#### **Notes to the Multiyear Schedule of Contributions:**

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 22 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of 7.00% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 3.50% to 22.80% plus 2.50% for inflation compounded annually and postretirement benefit increases of 3.50% compounded annually.

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Firefighters' Pension Disclosures (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Multiyear Schedule of Investment Returns Last 10 Fiscal Years (When Available)

Fiscal Year Ending December 31	Annual Money-weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2014	6.13%
2015	-0.09%
2016	6.84%
2017	14.74%
2018	-4.98%
2019	19.05%
2020	10.12%

#### Notes to the Multiyear Schedule of Investment Returns:

#### Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Firefighters' Pension Disclosures (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last 10 Plan Years (When Available)

Plan Year Ending December 31,	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability ("TPL")							
Service cost	\$ 1,405,206	\$ 904,475	\$ 945,403	\$ 859,470	\$ 820,340	\$ 842,112	\$ 1,054,306
Interest on the TPL	1,940,662	1,999,529	1,863,720	1,842,499	1,894,059	1,785,183	1,528,344
Changes of benefit terms	0	208,799	0	0	0	0	0
Difference between expected and							
actual experience of the TPL	1,711,136	(705,020)	710,511	71,991	(892,883)	(447,153)	0
Changes of assumptions	8,043,117	9,676,071	(2,808,516)	1,596,338	(1,423,982)	(1,178,180)	0
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions	(1,811,896)	(1,664,605)	(1,637,036)	(1,525,205)	(1,431,714)	(1,389,673)	(1,320,988)
Net change in total pension liability	11,288,225	10,419,249	(925,918)	2,845,093	(1,034,180)	(387,711)	1,261,662
Total pension liability- beginning	51,727,844	41,308,595	42,234,513	39,389,420	40,423,600	40,811,311	39,549,649
Total pension liability – ending	\$63,016,069	\$51,727,844	\$41,308,595	\$42,234,513	\$39,389,420	\$40,423,600	\$40,811,311
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions – employer	\$ 774,108	\$ 810,464	\$ 807,464	\$ 1,012,214	\$ 979,547	\$ 716,085	\$ 591,714
Contributions – employee	204,435	217,563	210,932	205,218	205,881	177,866	162,911
Net investment income	1,124,213	1,885,326	(556,779)	1,490,127	669,744	(8,912)	585,351
Benefit payments, including refunds							
of employee contributions	(1,811,896)	(1,664,605)	(1,637,036)	(1,525,205)	(1,431,715)	(1,389,673)	(1,320,988)
Administative expenses	(76,078)	(66,067)	(34,317)	(32,782)	(37,630)	(45,297)	(47,308)
Net change in plan fiduciary							
net position	214,782	1,182,681	(1,209,736)	1,149,572	385,827	(549,931)	(28,320)
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning	11,561,223	10,378,542	11,588,278	10,438,706	10,052,879	10,602,810	10,631,130
Plan fiduciary net position - Ending	\$11,776,005	\$11,561,223	\$10,378,542	\$11,588,278	\$10,438,706	\$10,052,879	\$10,602,810
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$51,240,064	\$40,166,621	\$30,930,053	\$30,646,235	\$28,950,714	\$30,370,721	\$30,208,501
Plan fiduciary net position as a							
percent of the TPL	18.69%	22.35%	25.12%	27.44%	26.50%	24.87%	25.98%
Covered Valuation Payroll ("CVP")	\$ 2,162,186	\$ 2,252,267	\$ 2,119,528	\$ 1,930,327	\$ 1,894,036	\$ 1,939,968	\$ 1,767,347
Net pension liability as a % of CVP	2369.83%	1783.39%	1459.29%	1587.62%	1528.52%	1565.53%	1709.26%

#### Notes to the Multiyear Schedule of Changes in Employer's Net Pension Liability:

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 General Fund

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts			ounts			Final Budget Positive		
		Original		Final	Actual	(1	Negative)		
Revenues	•								
Property Taxes	\$	3,035,000	\$	3,035,000	\$ 2,958,679	\$	(76,321)		
Charges for Services		480,000		480,000	89,138		(390,862)		
Intergovernmental		183,000		183,000	136,504		(46,496)		
Grants and Donations		70,000		70,000	143,194		73,194		
Rental Income		0		0	19,007		19,007		
Investment Income		20,000		20,000	12,968		(7,032)		
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000	9,229		7,229		
<b>Total Revenues</b>		3,790,000		3,790,000	 3,368,719		(421,281)		
Expenditures									
Current									
Administration		2,708,547		2,708,547	2,540,575		167,972		
Fire Service Apparatus		337,000		337,000	71,816		265,184		
Telecommunications		85,500		85,500	79,591		5,909		
Station		60,500		60,500	26,680		33,820		
<b>Education and Training</b>		11,200		11,200	4,494		6,706		
Fire Prevention		15,500		15,500	9,172		6,328		
Debt Service									
Principal		0		0	416,231		(416,231)		
Interest		0		0	32,366		(32,366)		
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		3,218,247		3,218,247	 3,180,925		37,322		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures		571,753		571,753	187,794		(383,959)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Issuance of Debt		0		0	251,250		251,250		
Transfers In		0		0	1,200,000		1,200,000		
Transfers Out		0		0	(4,000)		(4,000)		
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		0		0	 1,447,250		1,447,250		
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$	571,753	\$	571,753	1,635,044	\$	1,063,291		
Fund Balance,									
Beginning of Year					 (95,608)				
End of Year					\$ 1,539,436				

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2

# **Ambulance Fund**

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Variance with

	Budgeted Amounts							nal Budget Positive
	-	Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
Revenues								
Property Taxes	\$	1,154,000	\$	1,154,000	\$	1,125,284	\$	(28,716)
Charges for Services		890,000		890,000		968,133		78,133
<b>Total Revenues</b>		2,044,000		2,044,000	-	2,093,417		49,417
Expenditures								
Current								
Administration		2,395,047		2,395,047		2,056,527		338,520
Telecommunications		85,500		85,500		79,519		5,981
Station		25,000		25,000		20,003		4,997
Education and Training		6,500		6,500		0		6,500
Apparatus and EMS		193,000		193,000		172,427		20,573
Debt Service								
Principal		0		0		251,250		(251,250)
Total Expenditures		2,705,047		2,705,047		2,579,726		125,321
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(661,047)		(661,047)		(486,309)		174,738
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of Debt		0		0		251,250		251,250
Transfers Out		0		0		(1,200,000)		(1,200,000)
<b>Total Other Financing Uses</b>		0		0		(948,750)		(948,750)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(661,047)	\$	(661,047)		(1,435,059)	\$	(774,012)
Fund Balance,								
Beginning of Year						1,999,280		
End of Year					\$	564,221		

# **Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2**

# **Emergency and Rescue Fund**

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	 Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	 riginal		Final	 Actual	(N	egative)
Revenues Property Taxes	\$ 40,000	\$	40,000	\$ 39,494	\$	(506)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	 40,000		40,000	 39,494		(506)
Expenditures Current						
Equipment and Supplies	50,000		50,000	25,249		24,751
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	 50,000		50,000	 25,249		24,751
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$ (10,000)	\$	(10,000)	14,245	\$	24,245
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year				47,651		
End of Year				\$ 61,896		

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. $\mathbf 2$

# Liability Insurance Fund

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						_	
Property Taxes	\$ 215,000	\$	215,000	\$ 209,154	\$	(5,846)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>	215,000		215,000	209,154		(5,846)	
Expenditures							
Current							
Administration	40,000		40,000	0		40,000	
Insurance	 134,000		134,000	130,215		3,785	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	174,000		174,000	130,215		43,785	
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$ 41,000	\$	41,000	78,939	\$	37,939	
Fund Balance (Deficit),							
Beginning of Year				 69,555			
End of Year				\$ 148,494			

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The annual budget is legally enacted and provides for a legal level of control at the fund level. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Combining Fund Schedule - Non-major Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2020

# **Special Revenue Funds**

	1	Audit	Socia	l Security	IMRF	eign Fire surance	Total
Assets						_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables	\$	4,602	\$	2,557	\$ 11,288	\$ 58,452	\$ 76,899
Property Taxes		5,000		75,000	 9,000	0	 89,000
<b>Total Assets</b>		9,602		77,557	 20,288	 58,452	 165,899
<b>Total Deferred Outflows</b>		0		0	 0	 0	 0
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows</b>		9,602		77,557	 20,288	 58,452	 165,899
Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		0		0	429	0	429
Accrued Payroll		0		1,323	0	0	1,323
Total Liabilities		0		1,323	429	0	1,752
Deferred Inflows							
Deferred Property Taxes		5,000		75,000	9,000	0	89,000
<b>Total Deferred Inflows</b>		5,000		75,000	9,000	0	89,000
Fund Balances							
Restricted		4,602		1,234	 10,859	58,452	 75,147
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		4,602		1,234	10,859	58,452	75,147
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	9,602	\$	77,557	\$ 20,288	\$ 58,452	\$ 165,899

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Combining Fund Schedule - Non-major Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

# **Special Revenue Funds**

	Audit	Socia	l Security	IMRF	eign Fire surance	Total
Revenues Property Taxes Intergovernmental Investment Income	\$ 5,450 0 0	\$	72,953 0 0	\$ 8,517 0 0	\$ 0 72,102 802	\$ 86,920 72,102 802
<b>Total Revenues</b>	5,450		72,953	8,517	72,904	159,824
Expenditures Current						
Equipment and Supplies	7,000		0	0	66,386	66,386
Audit Retirement	7,000 0		0 76,970	0 7,583	0	7,000 84,553
Total Expenditures	 7,000		76,970	7,583	66,386	157,939
Excesss (Deficiency of Revenues over Expenditures)	(1,550)		(4,017)	934	6,518	1,885
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	 4,000		0	0	 0	4,000
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	 4,000		0	0	0	4,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,450		(4,017)	934	6,518	5,885
Fund Balance,						
Beginning of Year	 2,152		5,251	9,925	 51,934	69,262
End of Year	\$ 4,602	\$	1,234	\$ 10,859	\$ 58,452	\$ 75,147

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Audit Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

		Budgeted	Amou		Final	nce with Budget sitive	
	0	riginal		Final	Actual	(Ne	gative)
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,450	\$	450
<b>Total Revenues</b>		5,000		5,000	 5,450		450
Expenditures Current							
Audit		8,000		8,000	7,000		1,000
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		8,000		8,000	 7,000		1,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(3,000)		(3,000)	(1,550)		1,450
Other Financing Sources Transfers In		0		0	4,000		4,000
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>		0		0	 4,000		4,000
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$	(3,000)	\$	(3,000)	2,450	\$	5,450
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year					2,152		
End of Year					\$ 4,602		

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. $\mathbf 2$

# **Social Security Fund**

# **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		<del></del>			- Tietuai		(11	egau (e)	
Property Taxes	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	72,953	\$	(2,047)	
<b>Total Revenues</b>		75,000		75,000		72,953		(2,047)	
Expenditures Current									
Retirement		75,000		75,000		76,970		(1,970)	
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		75,000		75,000		76,970		(1,970)	
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$	0	\$	0		(4,017)	\$	(4,017)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year						5,251			
End of Year					\$	1,234			

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 IMRF Fund

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				A	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							<u> </u>	
Property Taxes	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	8,517	\$	3,517
<b>Total Revenues</b>		5,000		5,000		8,517		3,517
Expenditures Current								
Retirement		8,000		8,000		7,583		417
<b>Total Expenditures</b>		8,000		8,000		7,583		417
<b>Net Change in Fund Balance</b>	\$	(3,000)	\$	(3,000)		934	\$	3,934
Fund Balance,								
Beginning of Year						9,925		
End of Year					\$	10,859		

# **Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2**

# **Foreign Fire Insurance Fund**

# Budgetary Comparison Schedule - No Legally Adopted Budget Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2020

	Actual	
Revenues		
Intergovernmental	\$	72,102
Investment Income		802
Total Revenues		72,904
Expenditures		
Current		
Administration		0
Station		0
Education and Training		0
Equipment and Supplies		66,386
Total Expenditures		66,386
Net Change in Fund Balance		6,518
Fund Balance,		
Beginning of Year		51,934
End of Year	\$	58,452

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Revenue Capacity Schedules

# Assessed Valuations, Tax Rates, Tax Extensions and Tax Collections December 31, 2020

Tax Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Assessed Valuation										
(in thousands)	\$ 678,085	\$ 606,388	\$ 542,603	\$ 521,803	\$ 506,480	\$ 479,008	\$ 510,374	\$ 568,059	\$ 506,480	\$ 589,314
Tax Rates										
Corporate	0.2336	0.2654	0.2987	0.3098	0.3211	0.3215	0.3095	0.2910	0.2893	0.3593
IMRF	0.0011	0.0012	0.0017	0.0018	0.0025	0.0027	0.0022	0.0017	0.0017	0.0014
Audit	0.0011	0.0023	0.0019	0.0019	0.0021	0.0016	0.0018	0.0009	0.0010	0.0009
Liability Insurance	0.0114	0.0130	0.0169	0.0177	0.0201	0.0237	0.0225	0.0405	0.0366	0.0344
Pension	0.0486	0.0552	0.0751	0.0780	0.0804	0.0811	0.0765	0.0775	0.0755	0.0855
Social Security/Medicare	0.0036	0.0082	0.0075	0.0079	0.0161	0.0173	0.0162	0.0102	0.0104	0.0120
Ambulance	0.2160	0.2453	0.2806	0.2921	0.3011	0.3030	0.2906	0.2704	0.2688	0.1851
Emergency and Rescue	0.0117	0.0084	0.0065	0.0060	0.0151	0.0036	0.0055	0.0070	0.0071	0.0065
Fire Pension Exempt	0.0190	0.0226	0.0379	0.0390	0.0529	0.0552	0.0497	0.0453	0.0429	0.0418
	0.5461	0.6216	0.7268	0.7542	0.8114	0.8097	0.7745	0.7445	0.7333	0.7269
Tax Extensions (Dupage)										
Corporate	\$ 1,584,004	\$ 1,609,353	\$ 1,621,668	\$ 1,584,387	\$ 1,595,177	\$ 1,540,012	\$ 1,579,609	\$ 1,653,050	\$ 1,636,784	\$ 2,117,406
IMRF	7,646	7,276	9,229	9,206	12,420	12,933	11,228	9,656	9,618	8,250
Audit	7,725	13,946	10,315	9,717	10,432	7,664	9,187	5,112	5,658	5,304
Liability Insurance	77,221	78,830	91,751	90,522	99,854	113,525	114,834	230,063	207,073	202,724
Pension	329,600	334,726	407,724	398,909	399,415	388,476	390,436	440,245	427,159	503,864
Social Security/Medicare	24,466	49,723	40,718	40,402	79,983	82,869	82,681	57,940	58,841	70,718
Ambulance	1,464,909	1,487,469	1,523,401	1,493,865	1,495,820	1,451,396	1,483,148	1,536,030	1,520,800	1,090,821
Emergency and Rescue	79,239	50,936	35,289	30,685	75,015	17,244	28,071	39,764	40,170	38,305
Fire Pension Exempt	128,750	137,140	206,000	199,455	262,799	264,413	253,656	257,500	242,717	246,333
	\$ 3,703,560	\$ 3,769,399	\$ 3,946,095	\$ 3,857,148	\$ 4,030,915	\$ 3,878,532	\$ 3,952,850	\$ 4,229,360	\$ 4,148,820	\$ 4,283,725
Tax Collections	\$ 3,616,989	\$ 3,725,211	\$ 3,856,617	\$ 3,803,692	\$ 4,014,830	\$ 3,857,934	\$ 3,934,194	\$ 4,153,065	\$ 4,268,927	\$ 4,419,531
Percentage Collected	97.66%	98.83%	97.73%	98.61%	99.60%	99.47%	99.53%	98.20%	102.89%	103.17%

# Bensenville Fire Protection District No. 2 Debt Capacity Schedules Debt Limit Information December 31, 2020

Assessed Valuation - Tax Year 2019	\$ 589,314,332
Statutory Debt Limitation (5.75% of Assessed Valuation)	33,885,574
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limitation	0
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 33,885,574